



Identity and Access Control in the Physical and Virtual Internet of Things

Prof. Ravi Sandhu
Executive Director and Endowed Chair

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ravi.sandhu@utsa.edu www.profsandhu.com www.ics.utsa.edu



Motivating Premises



- Security and privacy will be adopted in IoT to the extent these
 - Provide added value
 - Are achievable at reasonable cost
- Academic research can contribute by developing identity and access control models that resonate with industry innovators.
 - Simple to understand and deploy
 - Can accommodate complex policies when appropriate



Project Goals

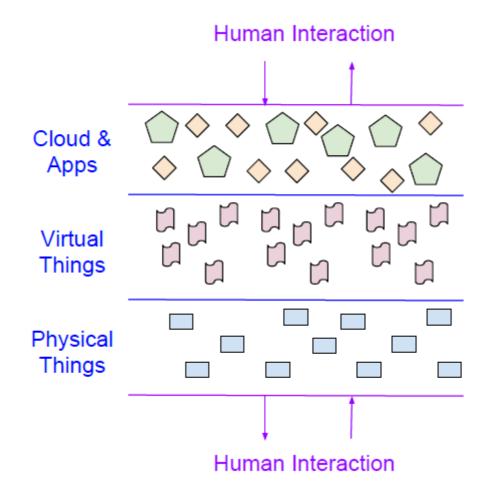


- Develop an initial set of identity and access control models for IoT within a robust framework, which can
- Support further maturation and elaboration of this initial set.



Core Technical Premises





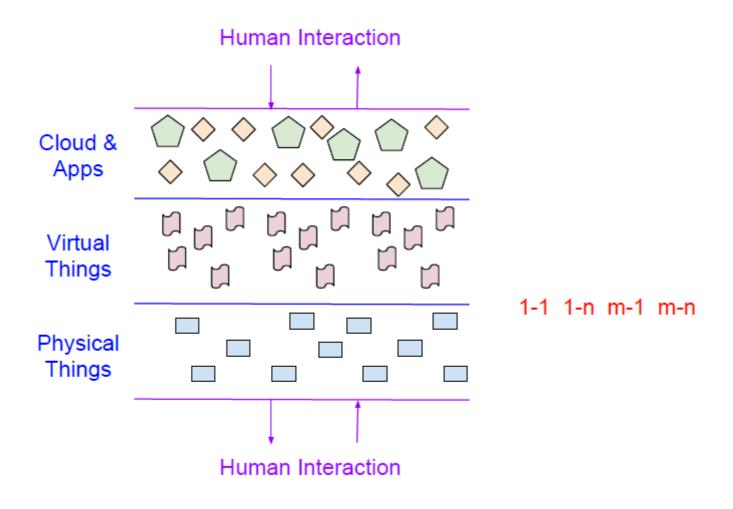
At each layer
Models for
Communications
Administration
Access control

Across adjacent
layers
Models for
Interactions
Mappings



Core Technical Premises







Technical Approach



1st Generation Identity and Access Control Models for IoT

Theories T

Authentication Authorization Trust

DAC, MAC, RBAC, ABAC, ReBAC, PBAC

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Adapt & Evolve

Characteristics C

Application Characteristics

Technology Characteristics

System Characteristics

> Abstract Models

Use Cases U

Concrete assumptions wrt C

Sample "thought experiments"

Life-cycle critical points

Generic Requirements



Project Deliverables



- An initial set of identity and access control models for the IoT domain encompassing physical and virtual layers
- An articulation of the three pillars of T, C and U, which underlie these models
- A statement of future R&D efforts required to take the initial set of models to maturity and deployment in practice.